118th CONGRESS 1st Session



To amend the Public Health Service Act to improve maternal health and promote safe motherhood.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. KAINE (for himself and Ms. MURKOWSKI) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to improve maternal health and promote safe motherhood.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Mothers and Newborns

5 Success Act".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND SENSE OF THE SENATE.

- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Among developed nations, the United States
 9 has disturbingly high rates of maternal and infant
 10 mortality.

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1	(2) The United States maternal mortality rate
2	in 2020 was 23.8 deaths per 100,000 live births,
3	which is significantly higher than the Organisation
4	for Economic Co-operation and Development (re-
5	ferred to in this section as the "OECD") average of
6	9.8, according to the Commonwealth Fund.
7	(3) The United States infant mortality rate in
8	2020 was 5.4 deaths per 1,000 live births, while the
9	OECD average was 4.1 deaths per 1,000 live births.
10	(4) In the United States, there are significant
11	maternal mortality and infant mortality inequities.
12	(5) The maternal mortality rate for non-His-
13	panic Black women in 2020 was 55.3 deaths per
14	100,000 live births. This rate is 2.89 times higher
15	than the maternal mortality rate of 19.1 deaths per
16	100,000 live births for non-Hispanic white women
17	and more than 3 times higher than the maternal
18	mortality rate of 18.2 deaths per 100,000 live births
19	for Hispanic women of any race.
20	(6) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
21	vention data from 2016 through 2018 shows that
22	American Indian/Alaska Native women also have
23	significantly higher rates of pregnancy-related
24	deaths than white, Hispanic, and Asian/Pacific Is-
25	lander women. American Indian/Alaska Native

women had a rate of 26.5 pregnancy-related deaths
 per 100,000 live births from 2016 through 2018,
 which is 1.9 times higher than the rate of 13.7
 deaths per 100,000 live births for white women dur ing the same time period.

6 (7) The mortality rate for infants of non-His-7 panic Black women is 10.6 deaths per 1,000 live 8 births and for infants of American Indian or Alaska 9 Native women it is 7.9 deaths per 1,000 live births. 10 These rates are significantly higher than the infant 11 mortality rate of non-Hispanic white infants at 4.5 12 deaths per 1,000 live births and the infant mortality 13 rate of Hispanic infants of any race at 5 deaths per 14 1,000 live births.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of theSenate that the following should apply:

17 (1) The United States should dramatically re18 duce maternal and infant mortality, ensure that all
19 infants can grow up healthy and safe, and protect
20 women's health before, during, and after pregnancy.

(2) Any pregnant woman choosing to have a
child should be able to do so safely without regard
to income, race, ethnicity, employment status, geographic location, ability, or any other socio-economic
factor. United States policy should support women's

health so that women thrive and newborns have the
 maximum chance for a healthy life.

3 (3) The evidence of serious racial inequities in 4 maternal and infant mortality, especially between 5 Black women and white women demonstrates the 6 persistence of racism and racial bias in our society 7 and health care system. A 2017 systemic review of 8 implicit bias in health care professionals found that 9 35 studies found evidence of negative implicit biases 10 towards people of color among health care profes-11 sionals. Those biases were correlated with "lower 12 quality of care". Therefore, the programs authorized 13 by this Act should be specifically deployed in ways 14 to counter such inequities.

(4) In the next 5 years, the United States
should aim to reduce its overall maternal and infant
mortality rates such that they are no higher than
the OECD average. The United States should dramatically reduce the maternal mortality and infant
mortality inequities between Black and American Indian/Alaskan Native women and white women.

(5) By advancing evidence-based policies to improve maternal and infant health outcomes, the
United States can work to reduce and eliminate pre-

ventable maternal and infant mortality and severe
 maternal morbidity.

3 SEC. 3. STATE MATERNAL HEALTH INNOVATION.

4 Title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended
5 by inserting after section 330P (42 U.S.C. 254c-22) the
6 following:

7 "SEC. 330Q. STATE MATERNAL HEALTH INNOVATION.

8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through 9 the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services 10 Administration, shall continue in effect the State Maternal Health Innovation Program and the Supporting Maternal 11 Health Innovation Program to award competitive grants 12 to eligible entities for the purpose of assisting States to 13 implement State-specific actions that address racial, eth-14 15 nic and geographic inequities in maternal health and improve maternal health outcomes, including the prevention 16 17 and reduction of maternal mortality and severe maternal 18 morbidity.

19 "(b) USE OF FUNDS.—An entity receiving a grant20 under this section may use such funds—

21 "(1) to translate recommendations on address22 ing maternal mortality and severe maternal mor23 bidity into action through activities which may in24 clude—

6

1	"(A) establishing a State- or regional
2	multi-State-focused Maternal Health Task
3	Force to create and implement a strategic plan;
4	"(B) improving the collection, analysis,
5	and application of State- or regional multi-
6	State-level data on maternal mortality and se-
7	vere maternal morbidity; and
8	"(C) promoting and executing innovation
9	in maternal health service delivery, such as im-
10	proving access to maternal health care services,
11	identifying and addressing workforce needs, in-
12	cluding maternal health provider shortages;
13	identifying and addressing implicit and explicit
14	bias based on race or ethnicity; or supporting
15	postpartum and inter-pregnancy care services;
16	or
17	"(2) to provide support to entities receiving as-
18	sistance under paragraph (1), and other initiatives
19	of the Department of Health and Human Services to
20	improve maternal health outcomes as the Secretary
21	determines appropriate, States, multi-State regions
22	and other stakeholders working to reduce and pre-

24 bidity through activities which may include—

vent maternal mortality and severe maternal mor-

"(A) providing capacity-building assistance
 to such entities to implement innovative and
 evidence-informed strategies; and

4 "(B) establishing or continuing the oper5 ation of a resource center to provide national
6 guidance to such entities, States, and key stake7 holders to improve maternal health.

8 "(c) ALIGNMENT OF ACTIVITIES.—An entity carrying 9 out activities under subsection (b)(1) shall coordinate and 10 align such activities with the activities to improve mater-11 nal health outcomes carried out by such entities under title 12 V of the Social Security Act.

13 "(d) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a grant under subsection (a), a domestic public or non-profit pri-14 15 vate entity, Indian Tribe, or Tribal serving organization, such as a Tribal health department or other organization 16 17 fulfilling similar functions for the Tribe, shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, 18 19 and containing such information as the Secretary may re-20 quire. In the case of applicants intending to carry out ac-21 tivities described in subsection (b)(1), such applicants 22 shall demonstrate in such application that the entity has 23 a commitment from a State or group of States to collabo-24 rate as part of the project on strengthening State-level ca-25 pacity in achieving the program aims.

1 "(e) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than Janu-2 ary 1, 2027, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee 3 on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate 4 and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the 5 House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a report concerning the impact of the programs continued 6 7 under this section on addressing inequities in maternal 8 health and improving maternal health outcomes, including 9 the prevention and reduction of maternal mortality and 10 severe maternal morbidity, together with recommendations on whether to expand such programs to additional recipi-11 12 ents and the estimated amount of funds needed to expand such programs. 13

14 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To
15 carry out this section, including carrying out the programs
16 referred to in subsection (a) on a national basis (subject
17 to the availability of appropriations), there is authorized
18 to be appropriated \$53,000,000 for each of fiscal years
19 2024 through 2027.".

20 SEC. 4. SAFE MOTHERHOOD.

21 Section 317K of the Public Health Service Act (42
22 U.S.C. 247b–12) is amended—

23 (1) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
24 subsections (h) and (i), respectively;

(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol lowing:

3 "(e) Levels of Maternal and Neonatal4 Care.—

5 ((1))IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting 6 through the Director of the Centers for Disease 7 Control and Prevention, shall establish or continue 8 in effect a program to award competitive grants to 9 eligible entities to assist with the classification of 10 birthing facilities based on the level of risk-appro-11 priate maternal and neonatal care such entities can 12 provide in order to strategically improve maternal 13 and infant care delivery and health outcomes.

14 "(2) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity receiv15 ing a grant under this subsection shall use such
16 funds to—

"(A) coordinate an assessment of the riskappropriate maternal and neonatal care of a
State, jurisdiction, or region, based on the most
recent guidelines and policy statements issued
by the professional associations representing
relevant clinical specialties, including obstetrics
and gynecology and pediatrics; and

24 "(B) work with relevant stakeholders, such25 as hospitals, hospital associations, perinatal

1 quality collaboratives, members of the commu-2 nities most affected by racial, ethnic, and geo-3 graphic maternal health inequities, maternal 4 mortality review committees, and maternal and 5 neonatal health care providers and community-6 based birth workers to review the findings of 7 the assessment made of activities carried out 8 under paragraph (1) and implement changes, as 9 appropriate, based on identified gaps in 10 perinatal services and differences in maternal 11 and neonatal outcomes in the State, jurisdic-12 tion, or region for which such an assessment 13 was conducted to support the provision of risk-14 appropriate care.

15 "(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a 16 grant under this subsection, a State health depart-17 ment, Indian Tribe or other Tribal serving organiza-18 tion, such as a Tribal health department or other or-19 ganization fulfilling similar functions for the Tribe, 20 shall submit to the Secretary an application at such 21 time, in such manner, and containing such informa-22 tion as the Secretary may require.

23 "(4) PERIOD.—A grant awarded under this
24 subsection shall be made for a period of 3 years.
25 Any supplemental award made to a grantee under

this subsection may be made for a period of less
 than 3 years.

3 "(5) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 4 January 1, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the 5 Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-6 sions of the Senate and the Committee on Energy 7 and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and 8 make publicly available, a report concerning the im-9 pact of the programs established or continued under 10 this subsection.

11 "(f) PREGNANCY CHECKBOX QUALITY ASSUR-12 ANCE.—

13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting 14 through the Director of the Centers for Disease 15 Control and Prevention, may establish or continue a 16 program to award competitive grants and provide 17 technical assistance to eligible entities to implement 18 a quality assurance process to improve the validity 19 of the pregnancy checkbox data from death certifi-20 cates.

"(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Eligible entities receiving a grant under this subsection shall use grant
funds to implement a quality assurance process to
improve the validity of the pregnancy checkbox data
from death certificates in the State or within the In-

1	dian Tribe. Activities funded under the grant may
2	include the following:
3	"(A) Reviewing death certificates for
4	women of reproductive age and individuals with
5	a pregnancy checkbox marked.
6	"(B) Attempting to confirm the pregnancy
7	of a decedent by searching for a matching birth
8	or fetal death record (or other matching state
9	administrative data source), contacting the
10	death certifier, or reviewing the medical record.
11	"(C) Amending death certificates or death
12	record files, as appropriate, and sending the up-
13	dated file to the National Center for Health
14	Statistics.
15	"(D) Providing training to death certifiers
16	about completing the death certificate.
17	"(E) Building awareness among death cer-
18	tifiers and health department staff about the
19	pregnancy checkbox.
20	"(F) Coordinating quality assurance activi-
21	ties among State maternal and child health pro-
22	grams, State vital records offices, and maternal
23	mortality review committee members and ab-
24	stractors.

1 "(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a 2 grant under this subsection, a State health depart-3 ment, Indian Tribe, or other Tribal serving organization, such as a Tribal health department or other 4 5 organization fulfilling similar functions for the 6 Tribe, shall submit to the Secretary an application 7 at such time, in such manner, and containing such 8 information as the Secretary may require. 9 "(4) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 10 January 1, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the 11 Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-12 sions of the Senate and the Committee on Energy 13 and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and 14 make publicly available, a report concerning the impact of the programs established or continued under 15 16 this subsection."; and 17 (3) in subsection (i) (as so redesignated), by 18 striking "\$58,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 19 through 2023" and inserting "\$81,000,000 for each 20 of fiscal years 2024 through 2026". 21 SEC. 5. PREGNANCY RISK ASSESSMENT MONITORING SYS-22 TEM. 23 Section 317K of the Public Health Service Act (42) 24 U.S.C. 247b–12) is amended by inserting after subsection

25 (f) (as added by section 4) the following:

"(g) PREGNANCY RISK ASSESSMENT MONITORING
 SYSTEM.—

3 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting 4 through the Director of the Centers for Disease 5 Control and Prevention, may establish or continue 6 activities to collect data on maternal attitudes and 7 experiences during the prepregnancy, pregnancy, 8 labor and delivery, and postpartum periods. The 9 Secretary may expand data collection to all States, 10 Indian Tribes, and territories, and to the extent 11 practicable, compile and publish population-based 12 findings on the health and well-being of women, 13 mothers and infants.

14 (2)ENHANCED SURVEILLANCE ACTIVITIES 15 AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary, act-16 ing through the Director of the Centers for Disease 17 Control and Prevention may support enhanced sur-18 veillance activities and provide technical assistance 19 to States and Indian Tribes to improve data collec-20 tion and ensure an adequate representation of racial, 21 ethnic and other communities of color in related 22 datasets.".

1SEC. 6. POSTPARTUM CARE COORDINATION PILOT PRO-2GRAM.

3 Title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended
4 by inserting after section 330Q (as added by section 3)
5 the following:

6 "SEC. 330R. POSTPARTUM CARE COORDINATION PILOT 7 PROGRAM.

8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through 9 the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration, and in consultation with experts rep-10 11 resenting a variety of clinical specialties, including obstetrics and gynecology, State, Tribal, or local public health 12 13 officials, and in coordination with existing efforts to address postpartum care, including activities conducted 14 under section 330H, shall establish a program to award 15 16 competitive grants to not more than 10 eligible entities for the purpose of— 17

18 "(1) identifying and disseminating best prac-19 tices to improve care and outcomes for women, in-20 cluding women with chronic health conditions 21 prepregnancy and those with ongoing pregnancy-re-22 lated conditions, in the postpartum period of at least 23 one year following birth, which may include—

24 "(A) information on evidence-based and
25 evidence-informed practices to improve the
26 quality of care;

1	"(B) best practices for connecting women
2	to primary or specialized care, including behav-
3	ioral health services, in the postpartum period;
4	"(C) information on addressing social and
5	clinical determinants of health that impact
6	women in the postpartum period; and
7	"(D) information on the most appropriate
8	course of care during the postpartum period, in-
9	cluding continued access to maternity care pro-
10	viders and ways to strengthen capabilities of
11	primary care providers and specialists, includ-
12	ing cardiologists and endocrinologists to recog-
13	nize and treat conditions that may result from
14	or be exacerbated by pregnancy;
15	"(2) collaborating with State-based maternal
16	mortality review committees, State-based perinatal
17	quality care collaboratives and other relevant initia-
18	tives to—
19	"(A) identify risk factors and systems
20	issues for the development of best practices;
21	and
22	"(B) disseminate best practices;
23	"(3) providing technical assistance and sup-
24	porting the implementation of best practices identi-
25	fied in paragraph (1) to entities and providers pro-

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viding health care and social support services to 1 2 postpartum women; 3 "(4) identifying, developing, and evaluating new 4 models of care that improve maternal health out-5 comes, which may include the integration of commu-6 nity-based services, behavioral health, and clinical 7 care, including interprofessional education for team-8 based care; and 9 "(5) developing condition-specific consumer ma-10 terials directed toward women to help them better 11 manage their physical and behavioral health in the 12 postpartum period. 13 "(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a grant 14 under subsection (a), an entity shall— 15 "(1) submit to the Secretary an application at 16 such time, in such manner, and containing such in-17 formation as the Secretary may require; and 18 "(2) demonstrate in such application that the 19 entity is capable of carrying out data-driven mater-20 nal safety and quality improvement initiatives in the 21 areas of obstetrics and gynecology or maternal 22 health. 23 "(c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than Janu-24 ary 1, 2028, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee 25 on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate

and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
 House of Representatives, and make publicly available, a
 report concerning the impact of the programs established
 or continued under this section.

5 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To 6 carry out this section, there is authorized to be appro-7 priated \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through 8 2028.".

9 SEC. 7. MATERNAL HEALTH RESEARCH NETWORK.

Subpart 7 of part C of title IV of the Public Health
Service Act (42 U.S.C. 285g et seq.) is amended by adding
at the end the following:

13 "SEC. 452H. MATERNAL HEALTH RESEARCH NETWORK.

14 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting
15 through the Director of the National Institutes of Health,
16 shall establish a National Maternal Health Research Net17 work (referred to in this section as the 'Network'), to more
18 effectively support innovative research to reduce maternal
19 mortality and promote maternal health.

"(b) ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary, acting through the
Network, may carry out activities to support mechanistic,
translational, clinical, behavioral, or epidemiologic research, as well as community-informed research on structural risk factors to address unmet maternal health research needs specific to the underlying causes of maternal

mortality and severe maternal morbidity and their treat ment. Such activities should be focused on optimizing im proved diagnostics and clinical treatments, improving
 health outcomes, and reducing inequities.

5 "(c) EXISTING NETWORKS.—In carrying out this sec6 tion, the Secretary may utilize or coordinate with the Ma7 ternal Fetal Medicine Units Network and the Obstetric8 Fetal Pharmacology Research Centers Network.

9 "(d) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated to 10 carry out this section may be used to support the Network 11 for activities related to maternal mortality or severe ma-12 ternal morbidity that lead to potential therapies or clinical 13 practices that will improve maternal health outcomes and reduce inequities. Amounts provided to such Network shall 14 15 be used to supplement, and not supplant, other funding provided to such Network for such activities. 16

17 "(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To
18 carry out this section, there is authorized to be appro19 priated \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through
20 2028.".

21 SEC. 8. TELEHEALTH DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

22 Section 330A of the Public Health Service Act (42
23 U.S.C. 254c) is amended—

24 (1) by redesignating subsections (h) through (j)
25 as subsections (i) through (k), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (g), the fol lowing:
 "(h) TELEHEALTH DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.—
 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting
 through the Administrator of the Health Resources
 and Services Administration, shall continue in effect

the Rural Maternity and Obstetrics Management
Strategies (RMOMS) Program to award competitive
grants to eligible entities for the purpose of improving access to, and continuity of, maternal and obstetrics care in rural communities.

12 "(2) USE OF FUNDS.—An entity receiving a 13 grant under this subsection shall use grant funds to 14 develop a sustainable consortium approach to coordi-15 nate maternal and obstetrics care within a rural re-16 gion—

17 "(A) through a focus on—

18 "(i) rural regional approaches to risk19 appropriate care;

20 "(ii) an approach to coordinating a
21 continuum of care for prepregnancy, preg22 nancy, labor and delivery, postpartum, and
23 interpregnancy services;

24 "(iii) leveraging telehealth and spe-25 cialty care to enhance case management of

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1	higher-risk expectant mothers living in
2	geographically isolated areas; and
3	"(iv) demonstrating financial sustain-
4	ability through improved maternal and
5	neonatal outcomes and potential cost sav-
6	ings; and
7	"(B) by testing and improving upon strate-
8	gies to improve access to, and continuity of, ob-
9	stetrics care in rural communities and reduce
10	geographic inequities in maternal health
11	through the use of data and outcome measures
12	spanning the continuum of care from
13	prepregnancy through pregnancy, labor, deliv-
14	ery, and the postpartum period.
15	"(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a
16	grant under paragraph (1), a domestic public or
17	non-profit private entity, including Indian Tribes,
18	and Tribal serving organizations such as a Tribal
19	health department or other organization fulfilling
20	similar functions for the Tribe, shall—
21	"(A) submit to the Secretary an applica-
22	tion at such time, in such manner, and con-
23	taining such information as the Secretary may
24	require;

"(B) propose to carry out activities that 1 2 exclusively target populations residing in rural 3 counties or rural census tracts in urban coun-4 ties as designated by the Health Resources and 5 Services Administration; and 6 "(C) demonstrate a formal arrangement 7 among a consortium of three or more entities. 8 including the applicant, to build a rural based 9 system of perinatal and maternal care. 10 "(4) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 11 January 1, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the 12 Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-13 sions of the Senate and the Committee on Energy 14 and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and 15 make publicly available, a report concerning the im-16 pact of the programs continued under this sub-17 section together with recommendations on whether 18 to expand such programs and the estimated amount 19 of funds needed to expand such programs. "(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 20 21 To carry out this subsection, there is authorized to

be appropriated \$12,000,000 for each of fiscal years
2024 through 2026.".

1SEC. 9. PUBLIC AND PROVIDER AWARENESS CAMPAIGN2PROMOTING MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Director of the Cen-4 5 ters for Disease Control and Prevention, and in coordination with State, local, territorial, health departments, In-6 7 dian Tribes, Tribal serving organizations, public health ex-8 perts and associations, the medical and allied professional 9 community, and minority health organizations, shall 10 award competitive grants to eligible entities to establish 11 a national evidence-based public and provider awareness 12 campaign on the importance of maternal and child health, 13 including identifying and responding to maternal health warning signs and vaccinations for the health of pregnant 14 women and their children, with the goal of increasing vac-15 cination rates among pregnant women and children, re-16 17 ducing racism and racial, ethnic, and geographic inequities 18 in maternal and child health, and reducing maternal mor-19 tality and severe maternal morbidity.

(b) USE OF FUNDS.—An entity receiving a grant
under this section shall use grant funds to supplement,
not supplant, any Federal, State, or local funds supporting
the establishment of a national evidence-based public and
provider awareness campaign with all resources in an accessible format that—

1 (1) increases awareness and knowledge of ma-2 ternal health warning signs and how to respond to 3 those signs as well as the safety and effectiveness of 4 vaccines for pregnant women and their children; 5 (2) provides targeted evidence-based, culturally-6 and linguistically-appropriate resources to pregnant 7 women, particularly in communities with low rates of 8 vaccination and in rural and underserved areas; and 9 (3) provides evidence-based information and re-10 sources on the importance of maternal and child 11 health, including maternal health warning signs and 12 the safety of vaccinations for pregnant women and 13 their children to public health departments and 14 health care providers that care for pregnant women. (c) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a grant 15 under this section, a public or private entity shall submit 16

17 to the Secretary of Health and Human Services an appli-18 cation at such time, in such manner, and containing such19 information as the Secretary may require.

(d) COLLABORATION.—The Secretary of Health and
Human Services shall ensure that the information and resources developed for the campaign under this section are
disseminated to other divisions of the Department of
Health and Human Services working to improve maternal
and child health outcomes.

(e) EVALUATION.—Not later than January 1, 2027, 1 the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall estab-2 lish quantitative and qualitative metrics to evaluate the 3 4 campaign under this section and shall submit a report de-5 tailing the campaign's impact to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the 6 7 Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of 8 Representatives.

9 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To carry 10 out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated 11 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028.