ley land district in Colorado.

Location of office.

Register and

receiver;

pay, &c.

Arkansas Val- third correction line south: thence west on said line to the western boundary of the Territory; thence south to the southern boundary of said Territory; thence east to the eastern boundary of said Territory; thence north to the place of beginning; shall constitute a separate land district, to be called the Arkansas Valley land district, the office of which shall be located at such place in said district as the President of the United States may direct, which may be changed by him from time to time as the public interest may require.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or in the recess of the Senate, a register and receiver of public moneys for said district; their residence, and said officers shall reside in the place where said land office is located, and shall have the same powers and receive the same emoluments as the same officers now receive in the land districts in the State of Nevada.

APPROVED, May 27, 1870.

May 31, 1870. CHAP. CXIV. - An Act to enforce the Right of Citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other Purposes.

any election:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Bace, color, or States of America in Congress assembled, That all citizens of the United tion of servinds States who are or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any not to affect the election by the people in any State, Territory, district, county, city, right to vote at parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections. without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

nor the pering.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if by or under the authority of formance of any the constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any Territory, any prerequisite to the right of vot. act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite, or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite, and to become qualified to vote without distinction of Penalty for re- race, color, or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person fusing or know or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full officer shall refuse or knowingly on the same of the give full effect to tion, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five this section. hundred dollars to the account. or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this secaction on the case, with full costs, and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the

The offer to

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever, by or under the perform any act authority of the constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any prerequisite to prerequisite to voting, if it fail, Territory, any act is or shall be required to [be] done by any citizen sc. by sc. to be as a prerequisite to qualify or entitle him to vote, the offer of any such deemed a perfect of any such deemed a perfect to perform the act required to be done as aforesaid shall, if it of such act, and fail to be carried into execution by reason of the wrongful act or omisto entitle to vote. sion aforesaid of the person or officer charged with the duty of receiving or permitting such performance or offer to perform, or acting thereon, be deemed and held as a performance in law of such act; and the person so offering and failing as aforesaid, and being otherwise qualified, shall be entitled to vote in the same manner and to the same extent as

if he had in fact performed such act; and any judge, inspector, or other officers of election whose duty it is or shall be to receive, count, certify, tion for wrong-register, report, or give effect to the vote of any such citizen who shall ful refusal to rewrongfully refuse or omit to receive, count, certify, register, report, or ceive, &c. the give effect to the vote of such citizen upon the presentation by him of son, upon affidahis affidavit stating such offer and the time and place thereof, and the vit, &c. name of the officer or person whose duty it was to act thereon, and that he was wrongfully prevented by such person or officer from performing such act, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs, and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any person, by force, bribery, unlawfully obthreats, intimidation, or other unlawful means, shall hinder, delay, pre- unlawfully of vent, or obstruct, or shall combine and confederate with others to hinder, combining to delay, prevent, or obstruct, any citizen from doing any act required to be obstruct, any citizen from done to qualify him to vote or from voting at any election as aforesaid, qualifying himsuch person shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of five self to vo hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an from voting; action on the case, with full costs, and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not

more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall prevent, for intimidating or attemption of the state of the st hinder, control, or intimidate, or shall attempt to prevent, hinder, control, ing to intimidate or intimidate, any person from exercising or in exercising the right of suf-certain persons frage, to whom the right of suffrage is secured or guaranteed by the fif- from or in, extrage, to whom the right of suffrage is secured or guaranteed by the ni-ercising the right teenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, by means of of suffrage by bribery, threats, or threats of depriving such person of employment or oc-bribery or cupation, or of ejecting such person from rented house, lands, or other threats; property, or by threats of refusing to renew leases or contracts for labor, or by threats of violence to himself or family, such person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That if two or more persons shall for two or SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, I not in two or more persons shall band or conspire together, or go in diaguise upon the public highway, or more persons band or conspire together, or go in diaguise upon the public highway, or conspiring toupon the premises of another, with intent to violate any provision of this gether or going act, or to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any citizen with intent in disguise upon, to prevent or hinder his free exercise and enjoyment of any right or priv- &c. to injure, ilege granted or secured to him by the Constitution or laws of the United tent to prevent States, or because of his having exercised the same, such persons shall be the enjoyment of certain priviheld guilty of felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisleges, &c. or be oned, or both, at the discretion of the court, — the fine not to exceed five cause, &c.; thousand dollars, and the imprisonment not to exceed ten years, - and shall, moreover, be thereafter ineligible to, and disabled from holding, any office or place of honor. profit, or trust created by the Constitution or laws of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That if in the act of violating any for committing provision in either of the two preceding sections, any other felony, crime, while violating or misdeameanor shall be committed, the offender, on conviction of such any provision or violation of said sections, shall be punished for the same with such punish. the two precediments as are attached to the said felonies, crimes, and misdemeanors by the laws of the State in which the offence may be committed.

for intimidat-

District courts of the United States to have jurisdiction of offences under this act, exclusive of State courts, and con-currently with

the circuit court. Certain prose-cutions to be by indictment, and others by indictment or information.

Special provisions for prose-outing all per-sons violating this act.

Number of commissioners of circuit and

their powers and duties.

Marshals and deputies to exeoute all war-

rants, &c. Penalty for refusal to receive warrant, or failing to exe-cute it diligent-

ly. Commissionsultable persons to execute pro-C688;

authority of such persons to call upon by-United States forces.

Warrants may be executed within the State.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the district courts of the United States, within their respective districts, shall have, exclusively of the courts of the several States, cognizance of all crimes and offences committed against the provisions of this act, and also, concurrently with the circuit courts of the United States, of all causes, civil and criminal, arising under this act, except as herein otherwise provided, and the jurisdiction hereby conferred shall be exercised in conformity with the laws and practice governing United States courts; and all crimes and offences committed against the provisions of this act may be prosecuted by the indictment of a grand jury, or, in cases of crimes and offences not infamous, the prosecution may be either by indictment or information filed by the district attorney in a court having jurisdiction.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the district attorneys, marshals,

and deputy marshals of the United States, the commissioners appointed by the circuit and territorial courts of the United States, with powers of arresting, imprisoning, or bailing offenders against the laws of the United States, and every other officer who may be specially empowered by the President of the United States, shall be, and they are hereby, specially authorized and required, at the expense of the United States, to institute proceedings against all and every person who shall violate the provisions of this act, and cause him or them to be arrested and imprisoned, or bailed, as the case may be, for trial before such court of the United States or territorial court as has cognizance of the offense. And with a view to afford reasonable protection to all persons in their constitutional right to vote without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of territorial courts servitude, and to the prompt discharge of the duties of this act, it shall to be increased; be the duty of the circuit courts of the United States, and the superior courts of the Territories of the United States, from time to time, to increase the number of commissioners, so as to afford a speedy and convenient means for the arrest and examination of persons charged with a violation of this act; and such commissioners are hereby authorized and required to exercise and discharge all the powers and duties conferred on them by this act, and the same duties with regard to offences created by this act as they are authorized by law to exercise with regard to other offences against the laws of the United States.

SEO. 10. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty of all marshals and deputy marshals to obey and execute all warrants and precepts i sued under the provisions of this act, when to them directed; and should any marshal or deputy marshal refuse to receive such warrant or other process when tendered, or to use all proper means diligently to execute the same, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in the sum of one thousand dollars, to the use of the person deprived of the rights conferred by this act. And the better to enable the said commissioners ers may appoint to execute their duties faithfully and efficiently, in conformity with the Constitution of the United States and the requirements of this act, they are hereby authorized and empowered, within their districts respectively, to appoint, in writing, under their hands, any one or more suitable persons, from time to time, to execute all such warrants and other process as may be issued by them in the lawful performance of their respective duties, and the persons so appointed to execute any warrant or process as aforesaid shall have authority to summon and call to their aid the bystanders or posse comitatus of the proper county, or such portion of the land or naval forces of the United States, or of the militia, as may be necessary to the performance of the duty with which they are charged, and to insure a faithful observance of the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and such warrants shall run and be executed by said officers anywhere in the State or Territory within which they are issued.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall know-

ingly and wilfully obstruct, hinder, or prevent any officer or other person Penalty for charged with the execution of any warrant or process issued under the wilfully obprovisions of this act, or any person or persons lawfully assisting him structing the exor them from arresting any person for whose apprehension such warrant contion of proor process may have been issued, or shall rescue or attempt to rescue act; such person from the custody of the officer or other person or persons, or for rescuing or those lawfully assisting as aforesaid, when so arrested pursuant to the attempting to rescue any perauthority herein given and declared, or shall aid, abet, or assist any person arrested, or son so arrested as aforesaid, directly or indirectly, to escape from the aiding &c. custody of the officer or other person legally authorized as aforesaid, or for knowingly shall harbor or conceal any person for whose arrest a warrant or process harboring or shall have been issued as aforesaid, so as to prevent his discovery and concealing any arrest after notice or knowledge of the fact that a warrant has been issued arrest a warrant for the apprehension of such person, shall, for either of said offences, be has issued. subject to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both, at the discretion of the court, on conviction before the district or circuit court of the United States for the district or circuit in which said offence may have been committed, or before the proper court of criminal jurisdiction, if committed within any one of the organized Territories of the United States.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners, district Fees of com-attorneys, the marshals, their deputies, and the clerks of the said district, missioners, discircuit, and territorial courts shall be paid for their services the like fees as may be allowed to them for similar services in other cases. The per-&co. son or persons authorized to execute the process to be issued by such commissioners for the arrest of offenders against the provisions of this act shall be entitled to the usual fees allowed to the marshal for an arrest for each person he or they may arrest and take before any such commissioner as aforesaid, with such other fees as may be deemed reasonable by such commissioner for such other additional services as may fees for other additional services as may additional services. be necessarily performed by him or them, such as attending at the exam-vices. ination, keeping the prisoner in custody, and providing him with food and lodging during his detention and until the final determination of such commissioner, and in general for performing such other duties as may be required in the premises; such fees to be made up in conformity with the fees usually charged by the officers of the courts of justice within the proper district or county as near as may be practicable, and paid out of the treasury of the United States on the certificate of the judge of the from defendant district within which the arrest is made, and to be recoverable from the in case of condefendant as part of the judgment in case of conviction.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to employ such part of the land or naval forces of the United States, or forces of the United States, or of the militia, as shall be necessary to aid the militia, may in the execution of judicial process issued under this act.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That whenever any person shall hold office, except as a member of Congress or of some State legislature, ing office, excontrary to the provisions of the third section of the fourteenth article of amendment of the Constitution of the United States, it shall be the duty visions of the of the district attorney of the United States for the district in which such fourteenth person shall hold office, as aforesaid, to proceed against such person, by be proceed writ of quo warranto, returnable to the circuit or district court of the against by United States in such district, and to prosecute the same to the removal que warranto. of such person from office; and any writ of quo warranto so brought, as Such cases to aforesaid, shall take precedence of all other cases on the docket of the have precedence, and not to be court to which it is made returnable, and shall not be continued unless continued unfor cause proved to the satisfaction of the court.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall hereafter knowingly accept or hold any office under the United States, or any office or at-State to which he is ineligible under the third section of the fourteenth tempting to do

for rescuing or

trict attorney

Fees how to be made up;

recoverable

Land or naval be employed.

amendment.

All persons to have the same right in every State and Territory to the full and equal benefit of all laws, &c. as enjoyed by white citizens.

No special tax or charge upon particular persons immigrating, &c.

Penalty for violation of provisions of pre ceding section.

Civil rights bill re-enacted. 1866, ch. 31. Vol. xiv. p. 27.

Penalty for voting at any election for representative or gress;

preventing any

for inducing any officer of such election to receive illegal

for interfering with such officer his duty:

for knowingly, &c. receiving any illegal, or refusing any lawful vote; for advising

any one to do

so, contrary to article of amendment of the Constitution of the United States, or who the provisions of the third section shall attempt to hold or exercise the duties of any such office, shall be of the fourteenth deemed guilty of a misdemeanor against the United States, and, upon conviction thereof before the circuit or district court of the United States. shall be imprisoned not more than one year, or fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all persons within the jurisdiction of the United States shall have the same right in every State and Territory in the United States to make and enforce contracts, to sue, be parties, give evidence, and to the full and equal benefit of all laws and proceedings for the security of person and property as is enjoyed by white citizens, and shall be subject to like punishment, pains, penalties, taxes, licenses, and exactions of every kind, and none other, any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. No tax or charge shall be imposed or enforced by any State upon any person immigrating thereto from a foreign country which is not equally imposed and enforced upon every person immigrating to such State from any other foreign country; and any law of any State in conflict with this provision is hereby declared null and void.

SEC. 17. And be it further enocted, That any person who, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, shall subject, or cause to be subjected, any inhabitant of any State or Territory to the deprivation of any right secured or protected by the last preceding section of this act, or to different punishment, pains, or penalties on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color or race, than is prescribed for the punishment of citizens, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in'the discretion of the court.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That the act to protect all persons in the United States in their civil rights, and furnish the means of their vindication, passed April nine, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, is hereby re-enacted; and sections sixteen and seventeen hereof shall be enforced according to the provisions of said act.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That if at any election for representcertain unlawful ative or delegate in the Congress of the United States any person shall knowingly personate and vote, or attempt to vote, in the name of any other person, whether living, dead, or fictitious; or vote more than once delegate to Con- at the same election for any candidate for the same office; or vote at a place where he may not be lawfully entitled to vote; or vote without having a lawful right to vote; or do any unlawful act to secure a right for unlawfully or an opportunity to vote for himself or any other person; or by force, qualified voter from voting, or otherwise unlawfully prevent any qualineu voter or otherwise unlawfully prevent any qualineu voter or otherwise unlawfully prevent any qualineu voter or inducing him not the United States of America, or of any Territory thereof, from freely means induce any voter threat, menace, intimidation, bribery, reward, or offer, or promise thereof, to refuse to exercise such right; or compel or induce by any such means, or otherwise, any officer of an election in any such State or Territory to receive a vote from a person not legally qualified or entitled to vote; or interfere in any manner with any officer of said elections in the discharge of his duties; or by any of such means, or other unlawful means, or inducing him induce any officer of an election, or officer whose duty it is to ascertain, to violate, &c. announce, or declare the result of any such election, or give or make announce, or declare the result of any such election, or give or make any certificate, document, or evidence in relation thereto, to violate or refuse to comply with his duty, or any law regulating the same; or knowingly and wilfully receive the vote of any person not entitled to vote, or refuse to receive the vote of any person entitled to vote; or aid, counsel, procure, or advise any such voter, person, or officer to do any act hereby made a crime, or to omit to do any duty the omission of

which is hereby made a crime, or attempt to do so, every such person any act hereby shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and shall for such crime the liable to prosecution in any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court, and shall pay the costs of prosecution.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That if, at any registration of voters for an election for representative or delegate in the Congress of the unlawful acts in United States, any person shall knowingly personate and register, or the registration attempt to register, in the name of any other person, whether living, of voters; dead, or fictitious, or fraudulently register, or fraudulently attempt to register, not having a lawful right so to do; or do any unlawful act to secure registration for himself or any other person; or by force, threat, menace, intimidation, bribery, reward, or offer, or promise thereof, or other unlawful means, prevent or hinder any person having a lawful right to register from duly exercising such right; or compel or induce, by any of such means, or other unlawful means, any officer of registration to admit to registration any person not legally entitled thereto, or interfere in any manner with any officer of registration in the discharge of his duties, or by any such means, or other unlawful means, induce any officer of registration to violate or refuse to comply with his duty, or any law regulating the same; or knowingly and wilfully receive the vote of any forknowingly, person not entitled to vote, or refuse to receive the vote of any person legal votes, or entitled to vote, or aid, counsel, procure, or advise any such voter, person, refusing to reor officer to do any act hereby made a crime, or to omit any act, the ceive legal ones; for advising omission of which is hereby made a crime, every such person shall be any one to do deemed guilty of a crime, and shall be liable to prosecution and punish- any act hereby ment therefor, as provided in section nineteen of this act for persons made a crime, guilty of any of the crimes therein specified: *Provided*, That every regisWhat to be tration made under the laws of any State or Territory, for any State or deemed a reother election at which such representative or delegate in Congress shall this act.

State, territorial, or municipal election. SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That whenever, by the laws of any Voting or at-State or Territory, the name of any candidate or person to be voted for tempting or of-sering to vote a as representative or delegate in Congress shall be required to be printed, so, bal-written, or contained in any ticket or ballot with other candidates or perwritten, or contained in any ticket or ballot with other candidates or per-sons to be voted for at the same election for State, territorial, municipal, sufficient prima or local officers, it shall be sufficient prima facie evidence, either for the facte evidence purpose of indicting or convicting any person charged with voting, or that, &c. attempting or offering to vote, unlawfully under the provisions of the preceding sections, or for committing either of the offenses thereby created, to prove that the person so charged or indicted, voted, or attempted or offered to vote, such ballot or ticket, or committed either of the offenses named in the preceding sections of this act with reference to such ballot. And the proof and establishment of such facts shall be taken, held, and And the proof and establishment of such facts shall be taken, neid, and may show that deemed to be presumptive evidence that such person voted, or attempted such ballot did or offered to vote, for such representative or delegate, as the case may be, not contain the or offered to vote, for such representative or delegate, as the close and such issue of such insmeofany canor that such offense was committed with reference to the election of such didate for reprerepresentative or delegate, and shall be sufficient to warrant his conviction, sentative or deleunless it shall be shown that any such ballot, when cast, or attempted or gnte. offered to be cast, by him, did not contain the name of any candidate for the office of representative or delegate in the Congress of the United States, or that such offense was not committed with reference to the election of such representative or delegate.

act, notwithstanding the same shall also be made for the purposes of any

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That any officer of any election at Penalty upon which any representative or delegate in the Congress of the United States any officer of any

Post, p. 433.

[Amended, 1871, ch. 9

be chosen, shall be deemed to be a registration within the meaning of this

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election at which, &c. for neglect or refu-sal to do his duty in regard to such election or the certificate or return thereof, &c.

shall be voted for, whether such officer of election be appointed or created by or under any law or authority of the United States, or by or under any State, territorial, district, or municipal law or authority, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty in regard to such election required of him by any law of the United States, or of any State or Territory thereof; or violate any duty so imposed, or knowingly do any act thereby unauthorized, with intent to affect any such election, or the result thereof; or fraudulently make any false certificate of the result of such election in regard to such representative or delegate; or withhold, conceal, or destroy any certificate of record so required by law respecting, concerning, or pertaining to the election of any such representative or delegate; or neglect or refuse to make and return the same as so required by law; or aid, counsel, procure, or advise any voter, person, or officer to do any act by this or any of the preceding sections made a crime; or to omit to do any duty the omission of which is by this or any of said sections made a crime, or attempt to do so, shall be deemed guilty of a crime and shall be liable to prosecution and punishment therefor, as provided in the nineteenth section of this act for persons guilty of any of the crimes therein specified.

Persons deprived of election to any office, except, &c. by the exclusion of votes, on accolor, &c. may bring suit to re cover possession of such office: when such suits may be instituted in the United States courts.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That whenever any person shall be defeated or deprived of his election to any office, except elector of President or Vice-President, representative or delegate in Congress, or member of a State legislature, by reason of the denial to any citizen or citizens who shall offer to vote, of the right to vote, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, his right to hold and enjoy such office, and the emoluments thereof, shall not be impaired by such denial; and such person may bring any appropriate suit or proceeding to recover possession of such office, and in cases where it shall appear that the sole question touching the title to such office arises out of the denial of the right to vote to citizens who so offered to vote, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, such suit or proceeding may be instituted in the circuit or district court of the United States of the circuit or district in Jurisdiction of which such person resides. And said circuit or district court shall have, concurrently with the State courts, jurisdiction thereof so far as to determine the rights of the parties to such office by reason of the denial of the right guaranteed by the fifteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and secured by this act. APPROVED, May 81, 1870.

such courts concurrently with state courts.

June 1, 1870. CHAP, CXV. - An Act to further amend the Law of the District of Columbia in Relation to judicial Proceedings, and preserve Records of Marriages therein.

Fictions in trict of Colum-bia abolished.

Real actions how com-

assistants.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That all fictions in the pleadpleadings in so ings in the action of ejectment within the District of Columbia be, and ment in the Dis- are hereby, abolished; and all actions for the recovery of real estate in said District shall be commenced in the name of the real party in interest, and against the party claiming to own or be possessed thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any of the duties of the clerk nenced.

Duties of clerk of the supreme court of the District of Columbia may be performed, in of supreme court his name, by any of the assistant clerks in his office; and said assistmay be done by ants may sign the name of the clerk to any process, certificate, or other official act required by law or by the practice of the court to be performed by said clerk, and may authenticate said signature by affixing the seal of the court thereto, whereon the impress of the seal is necessary to its authentication. In such cases the signature shall be, "-

-, Clerk, by -👡 Assistant Clerk."

SEC. 3. And be it further enweted, That after a judgment for a debt amounting with interest to twenty dollars, exclusive of costs, before a justice of the peace of the District of Columbia, the judgment creditor

Certain judg-ments for debt before a justice